## GENERAL DESCRIPTION

This data sheet will show how to remove Phantom Power consumption. It may not be necessary to use Magic Switch (Fig1) and an equivalent circuit (Fig2) has been provided in the data sheet. The Phantom Power consumption due to EMI Cap.'s discharge resistor can be removed by a pretty simple circuit as describe in the block diagram. However, Magic Switch could be most cost-effective, layout easy.....choice for designing zero no load consumption application.

Magic Switch, it behaves like a magic switch or a low-pass filter. Magic switch allows DC passes and AC is blocked. Magic switch is a low pass filter. It allows frequency more than 20 Hz to pass (AC plug-in Magic switch turn off) with ~ Zero Input Power. When frequency small than 20 Hz , Magic switch is turn on discharge EMI's Cap.

Magic switch power consumption is approaching to 0 mW when line voltage appears.

Note : When 270VAC input: Magic Switch consumption is approaching $\sim 5.8 \mathrm{~mW}$

## FEATURES

- Remove Phantom Power consumption
- 4 terminal with $>5 \mathrm{~mm}$ space on package and PCB
- 2 terminal with $>3 \mathrm{~mm}$ space on package (IC inside) and PCB
- Meet safety IEC 60065/60950/62368
- Break down voltage ~1KV
- Design for lightning surge sensitive environment
- One product works with any EMI's capacitor filter design
- Most cost effective, Layout easy solution, easily to meet Erp lot6 tier 2 requirement
- SOD-123 packages for Adaptor / Desktop Application
- The package is polarity insensitive.
- Application for Cx Cap ~ 8uF
- Operating Voltage 90~300VAC


## PIN CONFIGURATION

## SOD-123 TOP View



Product and Packing Information

| Part No. | Package Type | Packing Type | Marking |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CMD02XIU | SOD-123 | $3 \mathrm{~K} \mathrm{pcs} / 7^{\prime \prime}$ reel | D2 $\overline{\mathrm{xx}}$ |

*Note: xx : year \& date code

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (TA $=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise specified)

| PARAMETER |  | Symbol | RATINGS | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Turn on ID Max. Current Continues |  | (Rd1+Rd2>300VAC*1.414/2mA=212Kohm) | 2 | mA |
| Turn on ID Max. Current Peak Current (0.5sec) |  | (Rd1+Rd2>300VAC*1.414/5mA=85Kohm) | 5 | mA |
| Turn on ID Max. Current Peak Current (100ms) |  | (Rd1+Rd2>300VAC*1.414/20mA=21Kohm) | 20 | mA |
| Package Power Dissipation @ $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq 25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (SOD-123) |  | Pd | 0.5 | W |
| Drain1 to Drain2 Voltage |  | VDSS | 1000 | V |
| Junction Temperature | SOD-123 | TJ | +150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage Temperature | SOD-123 | TSTG | $-55 \sim+150$ | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Junction to Ambient * | SOD-123 | $\theta \mathrm{JA}$ | 250 | I |
| Case Temperature |  | $\theta \mathrm{Jc}$ | 50 |  |
| Operation Junction Temperature |  |  | $-40 \sim+125$ | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

Note : 1. Surface Mounted on $1 \mathrm{in}^{2}$ pad area, $t \leqq 10$ sec
2. Operating Ambient Temperature is $85 \pm 2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

## APPLICATION CIRCUIT:

## Original application



## Magic Switch application




Figure 1. Magic switch application

## SIMPLIFIED BLOCK DIAGRAM : Equivalent Circuit



Figure 2. Magic Switch equivalent circuit

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Unless otherwise specified, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | TEST CONDITIONS | Magic Switch |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
| Breakdown Voltage |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Drain1 to Drain2 | $B V_{\text {DSS }}$ |  | - | 1 | - | KV |
| Internal 1KV MOSFET turn On delay time |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1KV MOSFET On delay time | Ton delay | Vd1d2 $=127 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{Rd} 1=\mathrm{Rd} 2=250 \mathrm{~K}$ (Figure1) | - | - | 280 | mS |
| 1KV MOSFET Rdson |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1KV MOSFET Rdson | Rdson | $\mathrm{Vgs}=12 \mathrm{~V}$ @ room temp | - | 60 | - | Kohm |
| Discharge Time test (400V discharged to 60V) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 400 V to 60V discharging time test | Tdischarging | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Rd} 1+\mathrm{Rd} 2=250 \mathrm{~K} ; \\ & \mathrm{Cx}=0.68 \mathrm{uF} \end{aligned}$ | - | 0.5 | - | S |
| Magic switch supply current without turning on 1kV MOSFET |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Magic Switch current @ line Frequency = 47 Hz | I supply ac | Vin $=230$ Vac and Frequency $=47 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | - | - | 20 | uA |

Note for 1 KV Mosfet On delay time: Ton delay is inversely proportional to Vd1d2, Ton delay is around $25 \sim 40 \mathrm{~ms}$ in Vd1d2=380V

Magic Switch: No Load $\rightarrow$ Zero Input Power
DELAY TIMER (Figure 1~4: cursor a to cursor b)

Example condition :
Input=90Vac~270Vac, Cx=0.68uF, Rd1=Rd2=250K ohm


IC Test Equipment circuit


Condition : 90Vac $=127 \mathrm{Vdc}$
Internal MOSFET turn on delay time $\approx 266 \mathrm{mS}$
(Figure 1)


| Condition : $230 \mathrm{Vac}=325 \mathrm{Vdc}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Internal MOSFET turn on delay time $\approx 40 \mathrm{mS}$ |
| (Figure 3) |



Condition : 115Vac $=163 \mathrm{Vdc}$
Internal MOSFET turn on delay time $\approx 191 \mathrm{mS}$
(Figure 2)


Condition : 264Vac $=373 \mathrm{Vdc}$
Internal MOSFET turn on delay time $\approx 31 \mathrm{mS}$
(Figure 4)


## DESCRIPTION

Magic switch is designed to replace the discharging resistor of EMI filter. Magic switch is one product to fit for any EMI's capacitor Design. Magic switch is a low-pass filter. When the input frequency is lower than 20 Hz (AC plug out), the two-integrated 1KV MOSFETS will be turned on and when the input frequency is higher than $\sim 20 \mathrm{~Hz}$ (AC plug in), the two-integrated 1KV MOSFET will be off.


Magic switch has 4 or 2 terminals. Magic switch's two 1KV MOSFET connects 2 external discharging resistor when input frequency $<20 \mathrm{~Hz}$. Magic switch's two 1KV MOSFET disconnects 2 external discharging resistor when input frequency is $>20 \mathrm{~Hz}$.

The total value of two external resistor value should be determined by the (Rd1+Rd2)* Cx time constant, If Tdischarge time need small than 0.5 Sec . Therefore, Tdischarge $=(\mathrm{Rd} 1+\mathrm{Rd} 2) \times \mathrm{Cx}<0.5 \mathrm{Sec} . \mathrm{Cx}$ is the EMI x capacitor. In actual application, using Magic Switch just need select external discharge resistor Rd1 and Rd2 from table1.Finally, X -capactior discharge to $37 \%$ voltage is (Tdischarge time+Ton delay time)

For application:
The EMI Capacitor Tdischarge time equation: $\mathrm{V} 2=\mathrm{V} 1{ }^{*} \mathrm{e}^{(-\mathrm{T} / R C)}$, V 2 is discharge voltage, V 1 is initial voltage. If your Tdischarge time select= 0.6 sec . From table 1 you can obtain Cx and (Rd1+Rd2).
The $X$ capacitor discharge to $37 \%$ voltage=(Tdischarge time + Ton delay time) $\approx 0.9 \mathrm{sec}$

|  | Magic Switch (for any EMM capacitor) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Product | Comparison sheet |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 0.1 |  | 0.22 |  | 0.47 |  | 0.68 |  | 1 |  | 1.5 |  | 2 |  | 2.6 |  | 3 |  | 5 |  | 8 |  |
| Discharging Time (S): $T_{0}$ <br> (RC time constant) | 0.700 |  | 0.700 |  | 0.700 |  | 0.700 |  | 0.700 |  | 0.700 |  | 0.700 |  | 0.700 |  | 0.700 |  | 0.700 |  | 0.700 |  |
| Total Discharge Resistor ( K ) : $\mathrm{R}_{01}+\mathrm{R}_{02}$ | 6980 |  | 3140 |  | 1438 |  | 975 |  | 644 |  | 409 |  | 292 |  | 222 |  | 175 |  | 81 |  | 28 |  |
| Discharge Resistor (K) : $\mathrm{R}_{01}=\mathrm{R}_{02}$ | 3490 |  | 1570 |  | 719 |  | 488 |  | 322 |  | 205 |  | 146 |  | 111 |  | 87 |  | 40 |  | 14 |  |
| Select Discharge Resistor ( $\mathrm{K} \Omega$ ) : $\mathrm{R}_{01}=\mathrm{R}_{0 Q}$ <br> (Pay attention to surge current) | 3000 |  | 1300 |  | 620 |  | 430 |  | 270 |  | 180 |  | 120 |  | 91 |  | 75 |  | 33 |  | 10 |  |
| AC Input ( V ) $\mathrm{V}_{1}$ (Spec. 80~300Vac) | 80 | 300 | 80 | 300 | 80 | 300 | 80 | 300 | 80 | 300 | 80 | 300 | 80 | 300 | 80 | 300 | 80 | 300 | 80 | 300 | 80 | 300 |
| Discharg Ratio (\%) (Spec. ~37\%) | 37 |  | 37 |  | 37 |  | 37 |  | 37 |  | 37 |  | 37 |  | 37 |  | 37 |  | 37 |  | 37 |  |
| Discharg to $\mathrm{V}_{2}(\mathrm{~V})(80 \mathrm{~V}$ or $300 \mathrm{~V} \times 1.414 \times 37 \%)$ | 42 | 157 | 42 | 157 | 42 | 157 | 42 | 157 | 42 | 157 | 42 | 157 | 42 | 157 | 42 | 157 | 42 | 157 | 42 | 157 | 42 | 157 |
| Delay time max. $=280 \mathrm{mS}$ (Datasheet Spec.) <br> Delay time min. $=30 \mathrm{mS}$ (Datasheet Figure 4) | 0.28 | 0.03 | 0.28 | 0.03 | 0.28 | 0.03 | 0.28 | 0.03 | 0.28 | 0.03 | 0.28 | 0.03 | 0.28 | 0.03 | 0.28 | 0.03 | 0.28 | 0.03 | 0.28 | 0.03 | 0.28 | 0.03 |
| Total Discharge Time (Worse case. 80Vac ) IEC 60950 (Internal delay time $+\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{x}}$ discharge time to $37 \%$ ) within 1 Sec. | 0.883 | 0.633 | 0.862 | 0.612 | 0.887 | 0.637 | 0.902 | 0.652 | 0.877 | 0.627 | 0.906 | 0.656 | 0.877 | 0.627 | 0.882 | 0.632 | 0.906 | 0.656 | 0.906 | 0.656 | 0.916 | 0.666 |
| IEC 62368 (ES1 Class) <60Vde within 2 Sec.  <br>  60 |  | 1.215 |  | 1.175 |  | 1.225 |  | 1.254 |  | 1.204 |  | 1.262 |  | 1.204 |  | 1.213 |  | 1.262 |  | 1.262 |  | 1.282 |

Table 1. Discharge resistor select

## DISCHARGE TIMING TEST

Condition: 300VAC, Cx $=0.1 \mathrm{uF}$ and 8 uF
The minimum Rd1+Rd2=20K ohm and the maximum $C x=8 u F$
The maximum Rd1+Rd2=6M ohm and the minimum $C x=0.1 u F$

Tdischarge time $<1$ sec (Meet safety IEC 60950)


Cx=8uF / Rd1+Rd2=20K


Tdischarge time <2sec (Meet safety IEC 62368)


Cx=8uF / Rd1+Rd2=20K


A Csurge ~ 47pF capacitor should be added to parallel with Magic switch for strenuous lightning surge test. The Csurge is added to suppress the voltage across Magic Switch.
Magic switch 4/2 terminal package provides minimum 50/3 mm space for PCB layout. Magic Switch is designed for lightning surge sensitive environment.
Without Magic Switch, the equivalent circuit on the simplified block figure has been provided and it will have the similar good performance. However, Magic Switch is more cost-effective and easy layout.

## TEST CIRCUIT



## PACKAGE DIMENSION



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